

TERMS:

For subscription, two dollars per annum, strictly in advance; for six months, one dollar.

Advertisements inserted at one dollar per square of one inch or less for the first insertion, and fifty cents for each subsequent insertion.

Obituary Notices exceeding five lines, Tributes of Respect, Communications of a personal character, when admissible, and announcements of Candidates will be charged for as advertisements.

Job Printing neatly and cheaply executed.

Necessity compels us to adhere strictly to the requirements of cash payments.

OUR COLLEGES.

Adger College will open on Thursday next, with students in all the classes, and quite a promising number of students altogether. The terms of tuition are low, and board has been placed at the lowest rates. See advertisement.

The Female College, under the presidency of Dr. Smeltzer, formerly President of Newberry College, will open on the 13th of September. Competent teachers have been engaged and the College will open under favorable circumstances. The advertisement in another column will give all the necessary information.

It is gratifying to us to be able to make these announcements. It rarely occurs that colleges, male and female, are to be found in the same place. Here, where we have a fine climate and many other advantages, parents and guardians may educate their children and wards under circumstances more favorable, we believe, than any other place in the State.

Freights.

The subject of freights has obtained an unusual prominence for the last few months. The improved passenger schedules have stimulated inquiry into this matter, and partial success has attended their efforts. The freights from Charleston to Pendleton, Perryville and Walhalla on sixth class, has been reduced to 45 cents per hundred pounds, bazaar, 45; flour, per barrel, 65; per sack, 45; salt, by the car load, 40 cents per sack. The reduction seems to be general above Columbia.

The Constitutional Convention of Georgia met on the 25th for the last time. The constitution as agreed upon was unanimously adopted as a whole and recommended to the people for adoption. Separate votes are to be taken on the constitution, the homestead and the location of the capital, as well as the election for members of the Legislature. The election will be held in December next.

The furniture and effects of F. L. Cardozo, ex-Treasurer of South Carolina, were attached at the depot in Columbia, on Saturday last. We may reasonably conclude from this that he will not return.

[For the Keowee Courier.

WALHALLA FEMALE COLLEGE.

Messrs Editors: It is understood that you are going to establish a first class Female College in your midst, for the benefit of the citizens of Walhalla and the surrounding country; a college in which our daughters can receive substantial and polished educational facilities. Will you allow me a few stray thoughts, advocating the enterprise?

With the constant progress of education, not only of this place, but of the whole State, the time has come for the establishment of a Female College in our midst. The position of woman is a question which attracts and occupies the thoughts of the ablest minds. Their training is one of the gravest themes that engages the attention of the patriot, the philanthropist or the Christian. Nothing is more evident than it is the duty of every one to assist, to the utmost of his ability, in elevating and improving the mental training of our daughters, opening new fields for their employment and activity, and raising them to a higher and nobler level in society.

Nothing will add more to the prosperity of this place than good schools—especially first class colleges. Once there was a time when the number of negroes possessed elevated men and women to society; now, as times have changed, education and good morals. Hence the people generally desire the education of their children, and good schools in any place will draw the inhabitants of the State. Fifty boarders in Walhalla will throw into circulation \$10,000; for no student, male or female, will spend less than \$200. If others move here for the purpose of educating their children, it will add greatly to the prosperity of the place.

It is not necessary to speak any further of the advantages, pecuniarily, to this town and community. This is acknowledged by all men of business and education. A simple reference to the past few years is sufficient. What has Newberry College effected the few years it was located here? Let the towns that sent in their bids for it, answer. Why have this people, now it is removed, determined to have another such an institution? Is Walhalla now what it was nine years ago? The answers to these questions must speak loudly in behalf of a Female College located in our midst.

Give us two good colleges, one for our boys, the other for our girls, and in a few years not only will Walhalla be proud of her institutions of learning, but a different state of affairs will exist in our midst. We have a healthy place, a salubrious climate, good water, cheap living. Many will make it a residence at least until their children are educated. Some have already done this, and many more will avail themselves of these privileges, if the two colleges are successfully established. The necessity of educating our daughters is apparent. They have the moulding influence of the State and nation. It is more important

to have educated mothers than fathers. Dr. Todd has well said: "There were five sons; we know the mother. One stands at the head of the bar in New York; another is a prominent editor; another is a remarkable engineer; another sits on the supreme bench of the United States Court; another is President of the Senate of Massachusetts. Those sons were. It was the mother that made them. It was the mother that stamped her own beautiful character upon them. Is not that honor and glory enough for a woman to be a mother of such a family? In plans for education, I beg that you will bear in mind, that the mission of woman is to create and educate the human race for the first twelve years of its existence." S.

Walhalla, &c.

Col. Hope, of Lexington, writes as follows from our flourishing town:

WALHALLA, August 21.—I have returned from Walhalla, where I have sojourned for two weeks for the benefit of my health. I desire to furnish for your paper a few items of information as they have occurred to my observation. The climate and water of this place is quite agreeable and good. The sun, during the middle part of the day, is quite warm, but the mountain breeze of air, occasionally springing up, breaks off the force of the sun's heat, even in the daytime. But the coolness of the nights, mostly uniform, affords the benefit to the inhabitants of the place, together with the purity of the water. There is also a mineral spring in the corporation, lately fitted up for use. It is more alkaline than chalybeate in its general character, with slight tinctures of various sulphates and phosphates. It is located on the thoroughfare to the noted Lager Beer Brewery of Mr. Kaufmann. It is a pleasant retreat and much visited.

A word as to the interests of Charleston and the South Carolina, Greenville and Columbia and the Blue Ridge Railroads. I tell you most assuredly that the Air line railroads are maturing the business connections, West and North, in such a way as to withdraw from our immediate and intermediate railroads much business which they ought to hold and increase permanently. Further delay, to meet this case with wise and suitable arrangements of freights in reason and transportation at cheap rates to markets below of such articles or portions of articles which go by express at heavy charges, must soon be attended to or lose the benefit of this much needed reform and retrenchment in matters of freight transportation to the "City by the Sea."

Much of the up-country is turning their attention against the commercial points below. It has become an imperative necessity to the interests of Charleston that the unfortunate Blue Ridge Railroad be built to Knoxville, Tennessee. A word to the wise ought to be sufficient.

One word as to the educational prospects of Walhalla. The Newberry College being removed to the town of Newberry, the Walhallians have gone to work, and have raised a fund, in stocks or otherwise, over \$20,000, as a beginning to put in operation the Adger College early in September. They are re-erecting the College building and improving the College grounds; they have a faculty of teachers elected, but as yet no President with certainty of acceptance. The school will open nevertheless. There is also in motion an effort to open a Female High School under the superintendency of Dr. Smeltzer, formerly President of Newberry College. I think there is a good prospect here for such a school. The climate and water are unobjectionable, and the order and morals of the place will compare favorably with any town.

Senator Conkling Makes a Conservative Speech.

OSWEGO, N. Y., August 25.—At the annual union of the Veterans Association of this county to-day Senator Conkling made a speech in which he said: "The future prospects of the country, and the promise of the future in respect to material prosperity is anything but gloomy. The war was a great political, social and moral earthquake. It brought on inflation of currency and of prices which bred extravagance in everything. We over-splashed and over-did in many ways, and have paid heavy penalties. Every nation has suffered and is suffering from the hard times, but the future of America is assured against everything but the fully, the madness and the cowardice of man. We need to cherish earnestness of purpose in public and private affairs, the earnestness which comes of common sense, not the money grabbing cynicism. We need to cherish a government of laws, not a government of men. We need reverence for the Constitution and the laws and observance of them all, especially by all in authority. The way to ensure some of these things is for every man, whatever may be his occupation or position, to give some thought and action to public affairs. This is the only mode under our new system of government in which that system can be made effectual and just. It was to insure this right to every man to be heard in the public councils and to be counted in the majority, whose judgment is the final voice in a republic, that these veterans fought and suffered. On this veteran's day, it cannot be too much to remind you how high is the obligation to discharge the duty and to assist and exercise the right for which they died and endured so much."

The Texas Trouble

WASHINGTON, August 25.—The following dispatch was received at the War Department this afternoon.

SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS, August 24.—The following has been received from Captain Brown: General Benavides handed me yesterday the following message for transmission to you: Col. Gomez, commanding at Carmo, to-day communicates the following telegram: "An interview I had with the commanding officer of the State volunteers who have arrived at Rio Grande City, he informed me that he had received orders from the Governor of Texas to pursue and arrest criminals wherever they may be found, even though it be on Mexican soil, in case they are not promptly delivered up by the authorities. I have answered him, I have orders to pursue and arrest all persons who may commit depredations on United States territory and afterwards take refuge on Mexican soil; that, relative to delivering them up, I shall confine myself strictly to the orders I received from headquarters. I also notify headquarters that there are a present organizing in Texas according to the statement of said commandant, 25,000 volunteers for the campaign against Mexico. E. Conzobdo, his sons and Lou Money are still in Davis. I beg, General, to call your attention to the foregoing assertions of the commanding officer of the State volunteers in his conversation with Col. Gomez."

(Signed) GEN. BENAVIDES. I telegraphed at once to Governor Hubbard your letter with Capt. Hall's. My advice do not agree with the latter's. My orders prohibit the crossing on trails after any sort of raiders where there are Mexican troops to arrest or pursue. Benavides telegraphs that Hall proposes to cross at Carmo, and says he is authorized by orders from you to pursue and arrest all criminals wherever they may be found, even on Mexican soil. If this is so and he crosses, unless my orders are changed he will cross without aid from the regulars. Col. Gomez, according to my advice, stated to me that there are 25,000 volunteers organizing in Texas for the campaign against Mexico. Such talk, if reported correctly, is likely to stop efforts on the part of the Mexican authorities to capture and return the

rescued prisoners under the extradition treaty. OKD, Brigadier General. General Sheridan, in his telegram of transmission, says he is of the opinion that the conversation reported is of but little importance.

News Items.

The shipping of Southern fruit to the Northern market, by way of Petersburg, is noticeable on the increase over former years. Largely over one million pounds of fruit have within the past several weeks been carried North through Petersburg by express.

A dispatch from Abbeville states that a colored man named Ben Williams, died from hydrophobia. He was bitten by a rabid dog, about nine weeks ago, but he felt no symptoms until Saturday last, and did not have the first paroxysm until Monday. Seven other persons were bitten by the same dog, and there is much excitement in the community. Williams was a good citizen, and an active Democrat in the last campaign.

The Virginia Agricultural Society has invited "General Wade Hampton, of South Carolina," to deliver the annual address at the next State Fair. It is also rumored that Gov. Hampton will be invited to deliver an address on agriculture at the North Carolina State Fair. The Governor will not be able to accept the numerous invitations crowding upon him from different sections of the country.

New York, August 23.—The detectives have arrested John H. Husted and William Carrier, on a charge of forgery, procured by William J. Tucker, of St. Louis. Husted was arrested while negotiating the sale of ten one thousand dollar forged bonds of St. Louis County. His accomplice was arrested while negotiating the sale of some more counterfeit bonds. Husted acknowledged having within the past few weeks sold a number of forged bonds of the City of Quincy, Illinois. Another of the gang, John Cannon, has also been arrested, but there is no evidence against him. Other arrests are expected.

The two vexed questions which have agitated the Georgia Constitutional Convention most seriously after the bond question, have been settled—the homestead and the capital location. Regarding the first, the homestead provision, the Convention refused to reconsider its action of the day previous. So it stands that every man in the State is entitled to a homestead of the value of sixteen hundred dollars, with the right to waive it entirely in all cases in which he may deem it advisable so to do. As to the capital question that is left to the people to decide upon, and it will be submitted to them at the polls.

WIRTING, ALA., August 24.—To-day, as the train was leaving, the sheriff with a posse boarded the cars to arrest two Texan officers to arrest the notorious John Wesley Harden, who is said to have committed twenty-seven murders, and for whose body \$4,000 reward has been offered by act of the Legislature of Texas. His last murder in Texas was the killing of the sheriff of Camanche County. He has lived in Florida for years as John Swain, and being related to the county officers, has escaped arrest. About twenty shots were fired in making the arrest. Harden's companion, named Nann, who had a pistol in his hand, was killed.

New York, August 22.—The Tribune thinks if there is any solution possible of the great economical problem of the relations of capital and labor, it ought to be discovered during the present campaign in Ohio, and throws out this suggestion: "It does not seem to have occurred to the leaders that it might be safe to go to the people with the plain and honest statement that we owe money and must make sacrifices to pay it and that is what we mean to do. It is quite possible that the people would recognize and admire the honesty of such a course and throwing aside all crooked devices of repudiation admit it. They did it last year; why may they not this year?"

LONDON, August 21.—A Times dispatch from Therapia reports that the Porte has officially informed the British embassy that Mehmet Ali has gained a great victory capturing Osman Bazar and Eski Djuma, capturing several guns and inflicting great loss. The Russians were the attacking party. Several special dispatches remark the hostile tone of the German semi-official press towards Turkey. The Turkish embassy at Berlin having through a Berlin telegraphic agency contradicted the report that the perpetrators of Salonica massacre have been released, the ministerial Nord Deutch expressly begs to observe that the statements put forward by the Turkish foreign department are notoriously untrue.

LONDON, August 25.—Accounts of the battle before Eski Djuma are very fragmentary and conflicting. The numbers engaged do not appear to have been very great, although the battle was stubbornly contested. The Standard's Vienna special says the Russians numbered 7,000 and the Turks 14,000. According to Russian official accounts, the correspondent says the Turks took the offensive in great force on August 22, and drove back Russian battalions from Jaslur. The Russians subsequently retook Jaslur. Skirmishing continued throughout the night. The next day the Turks made three attacks in the neighborhood of Jaslur, but were thrice brilliantly repulsed. A renewal of the attack is expected.

The Standard's dispatch dated Eski Djuma, Thursday night, reports that steady fighting has been going on for the last thirty-six hours between the Turkish advanced posts and the Russians, who are attacking in force along the line from Jaslur to Popok. The Turks were first driven in, but were reinforced and retook their original positions, which they hold at this moment.

DEADWOOD, D. T., August 25.—The party of twenty persons who left here about two weeks ago for Little Missouri River returned to-day. They report that last Tuesday afternoon the party discovered Indians close to them. They selected high ground and dug rifle pits, and had been digging about twenty minutes when nearly 500 Indians appeared on a bluff opposite about 400 yards off, and commenced firing at them. The fight lasted nearly four hours. Thomas A. Carr, quartz recorder of Deadwood mining district, was shot through the head and killed. Twenty-seven horses belonging to the miners were also killed. After dark the Indians withdrew and the miners escaped, being obliged to walk one hundred and fifty miles to reach this city.

Mr. Tilden is receiving a good deal of personal attention in England, dining at fine houses in London as much as he will, visiting Mr. Bright at his house in the country, and going, by invitation, to see the home of his ancestors in Kent and get acquainted with the English Tildens. His friend, Mr. Bigelow, accompanies him everywhere, and, after Scotland and Kent, they go on the Continent, only coming back so as to sail for home on the 12th of October.

The shrewd little Washington Star says: "The managers of the Republican party may not see it, or, like the boy passing the graveyard, they may be whistling to keep their courage up, but at present all the indications are that Ohio will go Democratic this fall by from 15,000 to 20,000 majority. It is possible that a reaction may set in before the election comes off, and that the Republicans may be able to hold the State by a slight majority, but in any event it is a settled thing that Mr. Matthews cannot be re-elected to the Senate."

Senator O. P. Morton, of Indiana, is dangerously ill.

Out of the thirty-eight Governors in the United States twenty five are Democrats.

The Greenville Agricultural Fair will begin the 16th of October.

The Abbeville County Fair will be held the 17th, 18th and 19th of October.

T. O. P. Vernon, formerly Judge of the 7th Circuit, died at his home in Spartanburg the 18th instant.

Governor Hampton is expected to return to Columbia next Saturday.

A Macon merchant estimates the value of the peach crop will be \$1,500,000 this year.

Peaches have been selling in Atlanta at ten cents per bushel.

The brandy crop of North Carolina is simply immense. Over 300 distilleries are registered in the division of the collector's department around Statesville.

The first bale of new cotton this season was shipped from Orangeburg County to F. W. Vaneiger & Co., Charleston, on the 15th inst.

The Stock Law was voted on in Anderson County the 18th, eleven townships going for and five against it.

It is estimated that the actual saving to the State of Georgia, annually, by the adoption of the new Constitution, will be about \$200,000.

An Atlanta girl, whose father is worth \$300,000, makes all her dresses with her own hands, and is one of the most stylish members of Atlanta society.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., August 25.—The paying out of the \$100,000 given to the railroad men by Mr. Vanderbilt commenced to-day.

NASHVILLE, August 25.—The Nashville millers opened direct trade with Liverpool via Port Royal, S. C., yesterday, by forwarding 1,200 barrels of flour, for which the steamer Mexican is in waiting.

Nearly seven thousand dollars in cash bonds have been subscribed towards the erection of the public buildings for the new county of Ninety-Six.

A Russian dispatch from Kuruk Dara, dated August 25th, says: The Turks took Kizilpote; but in attempting to take Kuruk Dara, they were entirely defeated. The Russian Generals Komaroff and Tchervoschadze were wounded.

St. PETERSBURG, August 27.—An official report of the progress of the battle at Shipka Pass, issued last night, says that the Russian forces have not yielded an inch of the Shipka Pass.

LONDON, August 27.—A Reuter telegram from Erzeroum, referring to the defeat of the Russians at Kizilpote and Sobatan, says renewed fighting is imminent. Russian reinforcements continue to arrive at Alexandropol.

Mr. William Leckie, formerly a student of Davidson College, N. C., was shot and killed by Dr. John T. Dent, at Leesville, Lexington County, S. C. Both parties had originally lived in Columbia.

COLUMBIA, August 26.—Two negroes quarrelled over a game of cards near the Charlotte Depot this morning and one named Elias, said to be half-witted, having secured a pistol returned, shot the other through the heart, killing him instantly. The murdered man was a colored hand, name unknown. Elias was arrested and lodged in jail.

WASHINGTON, August 26.—The New York World, of Saturday, publishes a Washington special which states that the Hon. Ben Hill, of Georgia, is being warmly supported by certain prominent parties in the East and North as a compromise candidate for the Presidency in 1880. It is proposed to place a Liberal like Banks on the ticket with him for the Vice Presidency.

SCRANTON, Pa., August 25.—It is understood that the general object of the meeting of railroad firemen and brakemen convened here yesterday was not in reference to a further strike, but to raise funds to meet the many expenses incurred by the late strike. Several firemen and brakemen are in jail and bail is required. Their families need assistance for relief. What was the result of the meeting is not definitely known, but it is believed that the men are dissatisfied with their organizations, and that large numbers of them refuse to be bound by them, or to furnish any more funds.

WASHINGTON, August 27.—Many leading members of both branches of Congress have appealed to the President to revoke the proclamation calling an extra session of Congress in October, considering the session unnecessary, and on account of interfering with their fall business before the courts, many being lawyers. It is stated that the President says he made the call after maturely considering every point, and that there are good reasons why the extra session should be called. There is no possibility of a revocation of the proclamation for an extra session.

Walhalla Church Directory.

Methodist Episcopal Church, South, Rev. Junius J. Neville, Pastor.—Preaching in this church every second and fourth Sunday at 11 A. M. and at 8 P. M. Prayer meeting every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock. Sunday School every Sunday morning at 9 o'clock. Baptist Church.—Rev. W. W. Saunders, Pastor. Preaching at 11 o'clock A. M., and 7 1/2 P. M. every Sunday. Prayer meeting every Thursday night at 8 o'clock. Sunday School every Sunday morning at 9 o'clock. Presbyterian Church.—Rev. S. L. Morris, Pastor. First Sabbath at 11 A. M. Second Sabbath at 8 P. M. Third Sabbath at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Fourth Sabbath at 8 P. M. Sunday School at 9 1/2 A. M. every Sabbath. Prayer meeting every Wednesday at 8 P. M. Lutheran Church.—Rev. F. E. Probst, Pastor. Preaching every 1st, 2d and 3d Sunday at 10 o'clock A. M. in German. Preaching in English every Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock, except the 4th Sunday, when the service will be in English in the morning. Sunday School at 9 o'clock A. M. Monthly Concert of Prayer alternating in the different churches.

Newspaper Law.

The following is the law, as it stands, in reference to newspapers and subscribers: Subscribers who do not give express notice to the contrary, are considered wishing to continue their subscription. 2. If subscribers order the discontinuance of their periodicals, the publishers may continue to send them until all arrearages are paid. 3. If subscribers neglect or refuse to take their periodicals from the office to which they directed, they are held responsible until they have settled their bills and ordered them discontinued. 4. If subscribers move to other places without informing the publishers, and the papers are sent to the former direction, they are held responsible. 5. The courts have decided that "refusing to take periodicals from the office, or removing and leaving them uncollected for, is prima facie evidence of intentioned fraud." 6. Any person who receives a newspaper and makes use of it, whether he has ordered it or not, is held to be a subscriber. 7. If subscribers pay in advance they are bound to give notice to the publisher at the end of their time, if they do not wish to continue taking it, otherwise the publisher is authorized to send it on, and the subscribers will be responsible until an express notice, with payment of all arrearages, is sent to the publisher.

Thomas Tanguo, of Newberry County, a young lad 10 years old, died on Monday from hydrophobia. He had been bitten about eight weeks ago by a pet cat. The doctors pronounce it a well defined case of rabies.

MURDER WILL OUT.—A few years ago "August Flower" was discovered to be a certain cure for dyspepsia and liver complaint, a few thin dyspeptics made known to their friends how easily and quickly they had been cured by its use. The great merits of Greek's August Flower became heralded through the country by one sufferer to another, until, without advertising, its sale has become immense. Druggists in every town in the United States are selling it. No person suffering with sour stomach, sick headache, costiveness, palpitation of the heart, indigestion, low spirits, etc., can take three doses without relief. Go to your druggist, Dr. R. E. Norman, and get a bottle for 75 cents and try it. Sample bottles 10 cents.

New Advertisements.

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to Newberry College, or to me personally, are requested to settle their accounts immediately, as I will need funds to establish the Female College in your midst, and the other Professors need what is due them. J. P. SMELTZER, Treasurer of Faculty of Newberry College, August 29, 1877.

FOR SALE, ONE TWO HORSE WAGON with set of DOUBLE HARNESS. Apply at this office August 30, 1877.

The State of South Carolina, OCONEE COUNTY.

By Richard Lewis, Esq., Judge of Probate. Young Davis, Plaintiff, against William B. Davis and others, Defendants.—PETITION AND SUMMONS IN PARTITION AND FOR RELIEF. To William B. Davis, C. D. Davis, Elizabeth B. Elston, Letty Ann Fisher, Chesley Fisher, Laura J. Davis, John S. Davis, Effie Lee Davis, Walter G. Davis, Mary D. Davis, Hattie Davis, Mattie Davis, Wade B. Davis, Mary L. Holmes, Sallie B. Davis, Nannie M. Davis, Harvey A. Davis, Beatrice E. Davis and Cliffo H. Davis, legal heirs and representatives of Harvey Davis, deceased.—Greeting:

YOU are hereby required to appear at the Court of Probate, to be held at Walhalla, S. C., for Oconee County, on Monday, the 5th day of November, A. D. 1877, to show cause, if any you can, why the Real Estate of Harvey Davis, deceased, situate in said County, on Fugate River, bounding land of T. S. Ramsey, Robert Powell, W. R. Smith, Chesley Fisher and others, and all other lands, acres, originally granted to and allotted to the said Young Davis, Plaintiff, and the defendants, William B. Davis, C. D. Davis and Elizabeth B. Elston, each one-fifth thereof, and the remaining one-fifth as follows: one-third thereof to the defendant, Mary L. Holmes, and the other two-thirds thereof in equal portions to the said Sallie B. Davis, Nannie M. Davis, Harvey A. Davis, Beatrice E. Davis and Cliffo H. Davis, and for the relief demanded in the petition and complaint herein.

Given under my hand and seal, this 28th day of August, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-seven and in the hundred and second year of American Independence.

RICHARD LEWIS, Judge of Probate, Oconee County, S. C.

To the absent Defendants: William B. Davis, C. D. Davis, Elizabeth B. Elston and John S. Davis: Take notice that the petition and summons herein, has been filed in the office of the Probate Judge, at the Court House, in Walhalla, South Carolina, for the purposes set forth in the above summons and for relief.

S. P. DENDY, Plaintiff's Attorney, Walhalla, Oconee County, S. C. August 30, 1877.

WATCHES, JEWELRY!

Romaine Gold, so extensively worn in Paris, was first discovered in 1870, by the celebrated French chemist, Mons. De Laing, who manufactured it into jewelry, and for five years sold it to the leading jewelers of Paris for Solid Gold. In 1875, when his secret became known, ten of the manufacturing jewelers established a stock company, with a capital of \$10,000, for the purpose of manufacturing Romaine Gold Jewelry and Watches. With this immense capital, and the aid of improved machinery, they are enabled to produce all the latest patterns of jewelry at less than one-tenth the cost of solid gold, and of a quality and color which make it impossible even for experts to detect it from the genuine.

WE HAVE SECURED THE EXCLUSIVE AGENTS OF THE UNITED STATES AND CANADA, for the sale of all goods manufactured from this metal, and in order to introduce them in the most speedy manner, have put up assorted sample lots as given below, which we will sell at ONE-TENTH THE RETAIL VALUE UNTIL JANUARY 1st, 1878. Read the list:

50-Cent Lot. One Gent's Watch Chain, retail price, \$1 00 One pair Engraved Sleeve Buttons, retail price, 75 One Stone-Set Scarf Pin, retail price, 75 One Set (2) Spiral Shirt Studs, " 75 One improved shape Collar Button, " 50 One heavy plain Wedding Ring, " 1 25 Total, For 50 cents we will send above six articles postpaid. \$1.00 Lot. One pair Sleeve Buttons, stone setting One set (2) Spiral Shirt Studs One heavy band Engagement Ring One set (2) Engraved Bracelets One Ladies' Long Guard or Neck Chain One Engraved Miniature Locket, for the above One Gent's Heavy Link Watch Chain One Lake George Diamond Stud \$2.00 Lot. One Ladies' Neck Chain and Charm One Ladies' Heavy Guard Chain for Watch One set, Pin and Ear Rings, amethyst One extra fine Miniature Locket One Cameo Seal Ring One very heavy Wedding or Engagement Ring One Gent's heavy Watch Chain with Charm One pair Pearl Inlaid Sleeve Buttons One Lake George Cluster Pin One pair (2) heavy band Bracelets

The retail price of the articles in each sample lot amounts to exactly ten times the price we ask for the lot; for example, our \$1 lot retails for \$10; our \$5 lot for \$50.

A SOLID ROMAINE GOLD HUNTING-CASE WATCH FREE.

To any one sending us an order for the above lots by express to the amount of \$15, we will send FREE One Solid Romaine Gold Hunting-Case Watch, Gents' or Ladies' size, warranted to keep perfect time and look equally as well as a \$100 gold watch. By mail postpaid, \$15.00. This is our best offer to AGENTS, and is worth a trial, as the watch alone will sell or trade readily for from \$20 to \$30. Gents' or Ladies' Watch alone, \$7 or \$8, with a heavy Gent's Gold Pattern Vest Chain and Charm, or Ladies' Opera Chain with slide and tassels. REMEMBER:—The watch only holds good until January 1st, 1878. After that time we shall sell only to Jobbers and Wholesale dealers, and any one wishing our goods will then have to pay full retail prices.

Romaine Gold is the best, and, in fact, the only imitation of genuine gold made, being the same in weight, color and finish, and all our goods are made in the latest gold patterns. Will guarantee satisfaction in every instance or refund money.

Send money by P. O. Money Order, or Registered Letter, at our risk. No goods sent C. O. D., unless at least \$5 accompanies the order. Address plainly

W. F. EVANS & CO., Sole Agts for U. S. and Canada, 95 & 97 South Clark Street, Chicago, Illinois. August 30, 1877.

WALHALLA FEMALE COLLEGE.

THIS Institution will be opened for the reception of pupils at the residence of the President, on THURSDAY, September 13th, 1877. It will be strictly a Female College. Competent instructors secured.

TERMS.

As regulated by the Board of Trustees: PREPARATORY DEPARTMENT. Juvenile Class, \$2.50 per term of five months, in advance. Primary Class, \$1 per term of five months, in advance. Academic Class, \$5 per term of five months, in advance. Incidental expenses in the Preparatory Department, 60 cents for five months. COLLEGIATE DEPARTMENT. Junior Class, \$15 per term of five months, in advance. Intermediate Class, \$15 per term of five months, in advance. Senior Class, \$17.50 per term of five months, in advance. Incidental expenses in the Collegiate Department, per term of five months, \$1. These charges are exclusive of State funds. Board, washing, room, light and fuel, \$15 per month. For further particulars address REV. DR. J. P. SMELTZER, President, August 30, 1877.

PIANOS AND ORGANS.

"\$650 Pianos for \$175," "\$200 Organs for \$50," "Strictly first class," "The best made."

Is it true? NO. Those who so advertise, offer inferior Instruments, priced at three times their value. Buy from Responsible home dealers and avoid imposition. As Wholesale Dealers, having NO Agents, paying NO commissions, we sell Reliable Instruments from Best Makers, direct to purchasers at Factory Prices. New Pianos (with stool and cover): 7 Octaves, \$180; 7 1/2 Octaves, \$230; 7 3/4 Octaves, Square Grand, \$280. Mason & Hamlin Organs, (with stool): 3 Stops, \$90; 7 Stops, \$100; 9 Stops, \$110. Other Organs, 4 Stops, \$65; 7 Stops, \$65; 9 Stops, \$75. Fifteen days trial—written guarantee. Reductions to Teachers, Schools and Churches. Fair and square dealing. Refer to any Savannah Bank or Merchant. Send for Catalogues and Special Offers September 1, 1877.

LUDDEN & BATES, Savannah, Ga. Wholesale Piano and Organ Dealers.

NOTICE.

COUNTY AUDITOR'S OFFICE, WALHALLA, S. C., August 20th, 1877. THE County Board of Equalization will meet at this office on TUESDAY, September 11th, 1877, for the transaction of all business brought before them. C. E. WATSON, Clerk of Board. August 30, 1877.